

Hebrew Language Chart

Gematria	Letter	Paleo	Modern	English	Picture	Meaning
1	Aleph	𐤀	א	A	ox head	strength, power, leader
2	Bet	𐤁	ב	B, Bh	tent floor plan	house, tent, family
3	Gimel	𐤂	ג	G	foot, camel	lift up, walk, carry
4	Dalet	𐤃	ד	D	door	enter, pathway
5	Hey	𐤄	ה	H	man with arms raised	behold, to reveal
6	Waw	𐤅	ו	W, O, U	tent peg, hook	to add, secure
7	Zayin	𐤆	ז	Z	weapon	to cut, cut off
8	Het	𐤇	ח	Hh	fence, wall	divide, separate, private
9	Tet	𐤈	ט	T, Th	basket, container	to surround, contain
10	Yud	𐤉	י	Y	closed hand	to work, make, throw
20	Kaph	𐤐	כ	K, Kh	palm, open hand	to open, to allow, to cover
30	Lamed	𐤑	ל	L	shepherd staff, goad	control, authority, teach
40	Mem	𐤒	מ	M	water	liquid, chaos, mighty
50	Nun	𐤓	נ	N	sprout, seed	life, heir, continue
60	Samech	𐤔	ס	S	prop, hand on staff	support, twist, turn
70	Ayin	𐤕	ע	A	eye	to see, to know, watch
80	Pey	𐤖	פ	P, Ph	open mouth	to speak
90	Tsade	𐤗	צ	Ts	hook	catch, snare, hunt, need
100	Quph	𐤘	ק	Q	back of the head	behind, last, least
200	Resh	𐤙	ר	R	head of a man	first, beginning, head
300	Shin	𐤚	ש	Sh, S	teeth	consume, destroy, sharp
400	Taw	𐤛	ת	T	crossed sticks, sign	mark, seal, covenant

Note: Gematria in a very simple sense is the study of the various numerical values of the Hebrew letters and words. Since there is no separate numerical system in the Hebrew language, all Hebrew letters have a numerical value so it is a very legitimate and valuable form of study. There are many different forms of Gematria. The Gematria system used in this chart is mispar hechrachi, also known as Normative value. The Paleo font used is Paleo Eric which is an attempt to blend the ancient variants into a uniform and recognizable font set that accurately depicts the original meaning of each character. It should be noted that this is not a historical font set, but simply an artists rendition of the ideal font.